

<http://topology.auburn.edu/tp/>

TOPOLOGY PROCEEDINGS



Volume 50, 2017

Pages 21–37

<http://topology.nipissingu.ca/tp/>

FURTHER STUDY OF SIMPLE SMALE FLOWS USING FOUR BAND TEMPLATES

by

KAMAL M. ADHIKARI AND MICHAEL C. SULLIVAN

Electronically published on May 27, 2016

This file contains only the first page of the paper. The full version of the paper is available to Topology Proceedings subscribers.

See <http://topology.auburn.edu/tp/subscriptioninfo.html> for information.

Topology Proceedings

Web: <http://topology.auburn.edu/tp/>

Mail: Topology Proceedings

Department of Mathematics & Statistics

Auburn University, Alabama 36849, USA

E-mail: topolog@auburn.edu

ISSN: (Online) 2331-1290, (Print) 0146-4124

COPYRIGHT © by Topology Proceedings. All rights reserved.

FURTHER STUDY OF SIMPLE SMALE FLOWS USING FOUR BAND TEMPLATES

KAMAL M. ADHIKARI AND MICHAEL C. SULLIVAN

ABSTRACT. In this paper, we discuss how to realize a nonsingular Smale flow with a four band template on a 3-sphere. This extends the work done by Michael C. Sullivan on Lorenz Smale flows and by Bin Yu on realizing Lorenz like Smale flows on 3-manifolds, and continues the work of Elizabeth L. Haynes and Sullivan on realizing simple Smale flows with a different four band template on a 3-sphere.

1. INTRODUCTION

A nonsingular Smale flow on a 3-manifold M is a structurally stable flow with a 1-dimensional chain recurrent set. A chain recurrent set consists of a finite number of disjoint basic sets which are compact and transitive. A basic set may be an attractor, a repeller, or a saddle set. We study the realizations of a nonsingular Smale flow when the saddle set is modeled by a four band template and this extends the work done in [13]. A template is a compact branched 2-manifold with boundary which has a smooth semiflow and is built locally from two types of charts, joining and splitting. The most popular template is a Lorenz template which was introduced by R. F. Williams [20] to study the Lorenz attractor. Joan S. Birman and Williams [2] proved the template theorem which says that in Smale flow, the chaotic saddle set can be represented by a template and any knot type of the periodic orbits can be studied within a template.

In the past, much work has been done to realize Smale flows using templates. Michael C. Sullivan studied a special type of nonsingular Smale

2010 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* Primary 37D20; Secondary 37D05, 37D45, 57M25, 57M05.

Key words and phrases. attractors, flows, knots, repellers, template.

©2016 Topology Proceedings.

This file contains only the first page of the paper. The full version of the paper is available to Topology Proceedings subscribers. See <http://topology.auburn.edu/tp/subscriptioninfo.html> for information.